

TIẾNG ANH 7-ÔN TẬP-TEST 3 (HỆ 10 NĂM)

TEST 3

I. Find the word which has different sound in the underlined part.

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. <u>re</u> st | B. <u>h</u> elp | C. gar <u>d</u> en | D. id <u>e</u> ntify |
| 2. A. <u>tr</u> affic | B. <u>p</u> avement | C. <u>pl</u> ane | D. <u>st</u> ation |
| 3. A. <u>s</u> ign | B. <u>m</u> istake | C. <u>tr</u> iangle | D. <u>d</u> rive |
| 4. A. <u>ne</u> arest | B. <u>h</u> ead | C. <u>br</u> ead | D. <u>h</u> ealth |
| 5. A. <u>r</u> ailway | B. <u>m</u> ail | C. <u>s</u> ail | D. cap <u>t</u> ain |

II. Circle the correct answer A, B, C or D.

- Linda used to _____ morning exercise when she got up early.
A. did B. does C. doing D. do
- My mum _____ the bus to work every day, but I cycle.
A. catches B. drives C. goes D. runs
- You should look right and left when you go _____ the road.
A. down B. across C. up D. along
- Bus is the main public _____ in Viet Nam.
A. travel B. tricycle C. transport D. vehicle
- The play was so boring. _____, An saw it from beginning to end.
A. Therefore B. Despite C. However D. Although
- She's sure that they will find the film _____.
A. entertaining B. entertain C. entertainment D. entertained
- "Do you like seeing a film?" - " _____"
A. No, I don't like it at all B. Sure. What film shall we see?
C. Who is in it? D. I'm sorry, I can't.
- _____ being frightened by the images, Lan still liked the film so much.
A. In spite B. Despite C. Although D. Nevertheless
- _____ is La Tomatina celebrated? - Every August.
A. Where B. Why C. When D. Which
- My father liked the _____ of that singer.
A. perform B. performer C. performance D. performing
- Does your bike ever _____ down on the way to school?
A. break B. take C. do D. turn
- I _____ go on foot when I was in primary school.
A. used to B. break C. can D. may
- Give a _____ before you turn left or right.
A. sign B. turn C. sound D. signal
- A lot of dancers go to Rio de Janeiro to _____ the Carnival.
A. attend B. join C. perform D. appear
- _____ the film was gripping, Tom slept from beginning to end.
A. Therefore B. Despite C. However D. Although

III. Choose the correct option for each gap in the sentences.

- Drivers have to _____ their seatbelt whenever they drive.
A. put B. tie C. fasten D. put on

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2. We should wait for the traffic lights _____ before we cross the street.
A. turn green B. to turn green C. turn yellow D. to turn yellow
3. All of us have to obey _____ strictly.
A. traffic rules B. traffic C. traffic jam D. regular
4. Cyclists and motorists have to wear a _____ when they ride a motorbike.
A. hard hat B. cap C. mask D. helmet
5. He forgot to give a _____ before he turned left and got a ticket.
A. signal B. sign C. light D. hand
6. _____ does it take you to get to Ho Chi Minh City by plane? - About 2 hours.
A. How far B. How much C. How long D. How many
7. There _____ a bus station in the city centre, but it has been moved to the suburbs.
A. used to be B. used to have C. use to have D. were
8. I _____ marbles when I was young, but now I didn't.
A. play B. used to play C. have played D. didn't use to play
9. "_____ is it from your house to the nearest bus stop?" - "About 50 meters"
A. How far B. How long C. How often D. How much
10. We should _____ the street at the zebra crossing.
A. walk B. walk on C. walk through D. walk across
11. Lan used to go to school _____.
A. with bicycle B. by foot C. in car D. by bus
12. Public _____ in my town is good and cheap.
A. transport B. tour C. journey D. travel
13. _____ is not very far from here to the city center.
A. That B. This C. It D. There
14. When there is a traffic jam, it _____ me a very long time to go home.
A. costs B. takes C. lasts D. spends
15. Mai's dad usually drives her to school ____ her school is very far from her house.
A. but B. though C. because D. or
16. Yesterday Hoa and Lan ____ round West Lake. It took them an hour.
A. cycle B. cycles C. cycling D. cycled
17. Minh used to _____ his homework late in the evening.
A. does B. do C. doing D. did
18. If people _____ the rules, there are no more accidents.
A. follow B. take care of C. obey D. remember
19. You should _____ right and left when you go across the roads.
A. see B. look C. be D. take
20. Hurry up or we can't _____ the last bus home.
A. keep B. follow C. go D. catch

IV. Complete the sentences with the correct form of "used to" and the verb in bracket.

1. _____ (you/ enjoy) maths at school?
2. I _____ (not like) flying, but I love it now.
3. We _____ (be) friends, but we don't get on now.
4. _____ (John/ work) for IBM before he came here?

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5. Winters _____ (not/ be) as cold as they are now.
6. She _____ (live) with her mother, but now she lives with her father.
7. I _____ (not do) any exercise.
8. _____ (he/ play) for Manchester United?

V. Write sentences with "it". Use these cues.

1. 120 km/ Ho Chi Minh City/ Vung Tau
.....
2. 384,400 km/ the Earth/ the Moon
.....
3. not very far/ Ha Noi/ Noi Bai Airport
.....
4. 500 meters/ my house/ nearest shop
.....
5. 700 meters/ my house/ Youth Club
.....
6. five km/ my home village/ nearest town
.....

VI. Read the passage and fill in the blanks with suitable words.

Who are the (1)_____ drivers? Which drivers are the safest on the roads? According to a recent survey, young and inexperienced (2)_____ are the most likely to have an accident. Older drivers are more (3)_____. Young men have the worst accident records of all. They often (4)_____ faster cars with bigger engines. One of the (5)_____ interesting facts in the survey is that passengers have an effect on the driver. When men have (6)_____ friends in the car, their driving become worse. When their wife or girlfriend is in the car, (7)_____, their driving is better. But opposite is true for women. Their driving is (8)_____ dangerous when their husband or boyfriend is in the car.

VII. Read the following text carefully and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each of the gap.

When you are in Singapore, you can go about (1)___ taxi, by bus, or by underground. I myself prefer the underground (2)_____ it is fast, easy and cheap. There are (3)___ buses and taxis in Singapore and one cannot drive along the road (4)___ and without many stops, especially on Monday morning. The underground is therefore usually quicker (5)___ taxis or buses. If you do not know Singapore very well, it is difficult (6)_____ the bus you want. You can take a taxi, but it is (7)_____ expensive than the underground or a bus. On the underground, you find good maps that (8)_____ you the names of the stations and show you (9)___ to get to them, so (10)___ it is easy to find your way.

- | | | | |
|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| 1. A. by | B. in | C. at | D. on |
| 2. A. but | B. because | C. when | D. so |
| 3. A. few | B. a lot | C. many | D. some |
| 4. A. quick | B. quickly | C. quicker | D. quickest |
| 5. A. so | B. like | C. than | D. as |
| 6. A. find | B. to find | C. finding | D. found |
| 7. A. less | B. more | C. most | D. much |

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|------------|---------|----------|------------|
| 8. A. tell | B. told | C. tells | D. telling |
| 9. A. who | B. what | C. when | D. how |
| 10. A. how | B. that | C. when | D. where |

VIII. Read the text and fill in the blanks with correct words. Use the words in the box.

<i>in</i>	<i>live</i>	<i>their</i>	<i>with</i>	<i>from</i>
<i>sleep</i>	<i>are</i>	<i>and</i>	<i>or</i>	<i>gets</i>

The streets are crowded (1)_____ the traffic. Taxis are bringing tired people (2)_____ the airport and the train stations to the hotels. They hope to (3)_____ a few hours before their busy day in the big city. Trucks (4)_____ bringing fresh fruits and vegetables into the city. Ships are bringing food (5)_____ fuel to the harbour.

By seven o'clock (6)_____ the morning, the streets are filled again with people. Millions of people (7)_____ in the big city, and millions of people who work in the big city live in the suburbs, the commuters, are hurrying to get to (8)_____ offices. Everyone is in a hurry. Some stop only to drink a cup of coffee. Others stop to buy the morning paper (9)_____ to have breakfast.

The noise of traffic (10)_____ louder. The policemen blow their whistles to stop the traffic or to hurry it along.

IX. Read the text and then choose the best answer A, B, C or D.

Yesterday, on the way home from school, I saw an accident. A boy was run over by a taxi when he was riding his bicycle. The boy's leg was broken and it was bleeding badly. Someone there tried to stop the bleeding. They put pressure on it and held it tight. A man used his mobile phone to call the emergency service. Some minutes later, an ambulance arrived and sent the boy to the hospital. Two policemen came to the scene immediately. Some people told the police that the taxi driver was driving at a very high speed when the accident happened. Some others began talking about the traffic accidents these days and blamed the increasing number of accidents on the roads for careless driving and drunk drivers.

- What did the writer see yesterday?
A. An accident B. A fire C. A fighting D. A crash
- The accident happened between a taxi and _____.
A. a bus B. a bicycle C. a car D. motorbike
- The boy was sent to the hospital by _____.
A. a police B. a car C. a passenger D. an ambulance
- What part of his body was hurt? – His _____.
A. arm B. head C. leg D. shoulder
- How was the driver driving when the accident happened? – Very _____.
A. fast B. slowly C. carefully D. well

X. Put the words and phrases in the right order to make meaningful sentences.

- takes/ art/ half/ gallery/ only/ hour/ to/ an/ the/ It/ to/ get.
.....

- mine/ book/ Her/ from/ is/ different.
.....

- playing/ young/ brother/ the/ very/ piano/ My/ when/ was/ enjoyed/ he.

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.....
4. are/ I/ as/ as/ not/ thought/ These/ expensive/ clothes.
.....

5. new/ is/ next/ A/ to be/ going/ school/ built/ year/ here.
.....

XI. Rewrite the following sentences in the way that their original meanings do not change.

1. Van Cao composed Viet Nam's anthem Tien Quan Ca.

→ Viet Nam's anthem Tien Quan Ca

2. Be careful or you'll hurt yourself.

→ If you are

3. What is the price of the bicycle?

→ How much ?

4. The market does not have any carrots

→ There

5. You're the best guitarist in the school.

→ No one

XII. Rewrite each sentence or question so it has the same meaning. Use "Used to".

Ex: I was in the school tennis team.

→ I used to be in the school tennis team.

1. Anna had long hair when she was at school.

.....

2. Mary didn't listen when her teachers were speaking.

.....

3. Ricardo got up at 6.00 when he was training for the Olympics.

.....

4. What did you usually do on Saturday evenings?

.....

5. Sophie was afraid of dogs when she was a little girl.

.....

6. We always gave our teachers presents at the end of term.

.....

7. Did you live next door to Mrs. Harrison?

.....

8. My brother wore glasses when he was young.

.....

XIII. Choose the sentence that has the same meaning as the first.

1. *As soon as I receive my result, I will phone you.*

A. I will ring you the moment I receive my result.

B. Sooner or later after I receive my result, I will give you a ring.

C. After receiving my result, I will call you.

D. I will make a phone call to you when I get my result.

2. *When I was a young girl, chocolate was one of my favourites.*

A. When very young, I like eating chocolate cakes.

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- B. Chocolate used to be a favorite of mine when I was a young girl.
C. My favourite was chocolate as was a little girl.
D. Being a little girl, I like chocolate.
3. *I haven't seen my aunt for years.*
A. I haven't meet my aunt for long ago.
B. The last time I met my aunt was since years ago.
C. I last saw my aunt years ago.
D. I didn't see my aunt years ago.
4. *I think it's necessary to tell Tim about it at once.*
A. Tim may be told about it at once.
B. Tim might be told about it at once.
C. Tim must be told about it at once.
D. Tim should be told about it at once.
5. *It is essential that we meet him at the airport.*
A. He must be met at the airport. B. He might be met at the airport.
C. He should be met at the airport. D. He may be met at the airport.

XIV. Complete the second sentences so that it has a similar meaning to the first.

1. I usually stayed up late to watch football matches last year, but now I don't.
→ I used
2. There were some trees in the field, but now there aren't any.
→ There used
3. Anna doesn't live with her parents any more.
→ Anna used
4. He is not a poor man any more, but he become a rich businessman.
→ He used
5. They didn't often go to the cinema every Sunday last year.
→ They didn't use
6. My hair now is much longer than that in the past.
→ In the past my hair used
7. I don't have time to collect stamps as when I was in primary school.
→ I used
8. Did you often go to the beach when you lived in Nha Trang?
→ Did you use
9. Mr. Hung often went to work by motorbike, but now he goes to work by bus.
→ Mr. Hung
10. There were traffic jams in this street during rush hours, but now the street become wider.
→ There

THE END